

ARMENIA MONSOON TIME SCALE

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ABSTRACT: The climate in Armenia is markedly continental summers are dry and sunny, lasting from June to mid September. Armenia receives a total average rainfall. The most amount of precipitation occurs in the upper regions, and during spring and early summer with a second rainy season in October and November.

Concerning natural disasters Armenia is threatened by droughts, early spring frosts, hail, flooding, land slides, earthquakes, strong winds and forest fires, this is stated in the government's national strategy for disaster risk reduction statement. One third of the country land is in danger of landslides.

Armenia has significant deposits of copper and gold; smaller deposits of lead, silver, and zinc, and deposits of industrial minerals including basalt, diatomite, granite, gypsum, limestone and perlite.

There are surface and ground water resources in the country. The average annual flow volume of water is about 6.2 billion which the average annual flow volume of ground water is about 3 billion.

KEY WORDS: Armenia Monsoon Time Scale,

INTRODUCTION:

By establishing the Armenia Monsoon Time Scale and maintain, the country can be estimated the impending weather conditions and natural calamities rains, floods, droughts and winds etc in advance. Surface water resources can still be found.

ARMENIA MONSOON TIME SCALE:

Armenia monsoon does not mean that Armenia has a separate monsoon. Monsoon means a seasonal reversing wind accompanied by its corresponding weather changes and natural calamities in precipitation. We cannot be said that a monsoon especially to be relevant to a particular country. In every country, every year, in a certain order seasonal winds are repeating. Each and every country has its own monsoon winds and weather conditions. Keeping in view of all above geographical facts and circumstances, after studying the weather conditions and natural disasters in the Argentina, I have proposed a time scale to measure the seasonal winds of the country that is the Armenia Monsoon Time scale.

This is very useful to study the Armenia weather changes and natural calamities such as monsoon movements, rains and other weather changes in advance.

The Armenia Monsoon Time Scale – a Chronological sequence of events arranged in between time and weather with the help of a scale for studying the past's, present and future movements of monsoon in the Armenia and its relationship with rainfall and other weather conditions and natural calamities of the country.

Prepare the Armenia Monsoon Time Scale having 365 horizontal days from March 21st to next year March 20th of a required period comprising of a large time and weather have been taken and framed into a square graphic scale. The main weather events if any of the Armenia have been entering on the scale as per date and month of the each and every year. If we have been managing the scale in this manner continuously, we can study the past, present and future movements of the monsoon and other weather and its weather conditions and natural calamities of the country. The Armenia Monsoon Time Scale reveals many secrets of the monsoon and weather and its relationship with rainfall & other weather problems and natural calamities of the country. The tracking date of main path & other various paths of the monsoon winds on the graph, denotes the onset of the monsoon and weather changes, monsoon pulses or low pressure systems, cyclones and other disturbances etc. And also we can find out

many more secrets of the monsoon or weather conditions of the Armenia such as droughts, famines, cyclones, heavy rains, floods etc in the country by keen study of the Armenia Monsoon Time Scale.

USES:

By development of the Armenia Monsoon Time Scale and maintain, the can be study and predict the monsoon movements, weather changes and its related impending weather conditions and natural calamities rains, floods, landslides, avalanches, blizzard and droughts, extreme winter conditions, heavy rainfall, mudflows, extreme weather, cyclones, cloud burst, sand storms, hails, and winds etc in advance.

GLOBAL MONSOON TIME SCALES:

The global Monsoon Time Scale – a Chronological sequence of events arranged

GLOBAL MONSOON TIME SCALES
African Monsoon Time Scale
North American Monsoon Time Scale
Asian Monsoon Time Scale
Australian Monsoon Time Scale
European Monsoon Time Scale

REGIONAL MONSOON TIME SCALES
North American Monsoon Time Scale
North African Monsoon Time Scale
Indian Monsoon Time Scale
Western North Pacific Monsoon Time Scale
South American Monsoon Time Scale
South African Monsoon Time Scale
Australian Monsoon Time Scale
East Asian Monsoon Time Scale

SUB-REGIONAL MONSOON TIME SCALES
South Asian Monsoon Time Scale
Maritime Continent Monsoon Time Scale
East African Monsoon Time Scale
West African Monsoon Time Scale
Indo-Australian Monsoon Time Scale
Asian-Australian Monsoon Time Scale
Malaysian Australian Monsoon Time Scale
Northern Australian Monsoon Time Scale
Arizona Monsoon Time Scale
Mexican Monsoon Time Scale
South-West Monsoon Time Scale
North-East Monsoon Time Scale
South East Asian Monsoon Time Scale

INDIAN MONSOON TIME SCALE:

For example, I have prepared the monsoon time scale for India by preparing the scale having 365 horizontal days from 1st April to next year March 31st of 128 years from 1888 to 2016 of the required period comprising of large time and weather have been taken and framed into a square graphic scale. The monsoon pulses in the form of low pressure systems over the Indian region have been entering on the scale in stages by 1 for low, 2 for depression, 3 for storm, 4 for severe storm and 5 for severe storm with core of hurricane winds pertaining to the date and month of the each and every year. If we have been managing the scale in this manner continuously, we can study the past’ present’s and future’s of the India Monsoon and its relationship with rainfall and other weather problems & natural calamities in India.

ANALYSIS:

The India Monsoon Time Scale reveals many secrets of the Indian monsoon

in between time and weather with the help of a scale for studying the past’s, present and future movements of monsoon of a country and its relationship with rainfall and other weather problem and natural calamities.

Prepare the Global Monsoon Time Scale having 365 horizontal days from March 21st to next year March 20th of a required period comprising of a large time and weather have been taken and framed into a square graphic scale. The main weather events if any of the country have been entering on the scale as per date and month of the each and every year. If we have been managing the scale of a country in this manner continuously, we can study the past, present and future movements of monsoon of a country. We can make separate monsoon time scales per each and every individual country.

and its relationship with rainfall & other weather problems and natural calamities. For example, some bands, clusters and paths of low pressure systems along with the main paths of the Indian Monsoon (South-east monsoon and north-west monsoon) clearly seen in the map of the Indian monsoon it have been some cut-edged paths passing through its systematic zigzag cycles in ascending and descending orders which causes heavy rains & floods in some years and droughts & famines in another years according to their travel. For example, during 1871-1990’s, the main path of the Indian Monsoon was rising over June, July, August and creating heavy rains and floods in most years. During 1900-1920’s, it was raising over August, September and resulting good rainfall in more years. During 1965-2004’s it was falling over September and causing low rainfall and droughts in many years. At present it is rising upwards over June, July, August, September and will be resulting heavy rains & floods in coming years during 2004-2060. The tracking date of main path & other various paths such as south-east monsoon and north-west

monsoon etc., of the Indian Monsoon denotes the onset of the monsoon, monsoon pulses or low pressure systems. And also we can find out many more secrets of the Indian monsoon such as droughts, famines, cyclones, heavy rains, floods, real images of the Indian monsoon, and onset & withdrawals of south east monsoon and north-west monsoon etc. by keen study of the Indian Monsoon Time Scale.

PRINCIPLE:

This is an Astrogeophysical / Astrometeorological phenomenon of effects of astronomical bodies and forces on the earth's geophysical atmosphere. The cause is unknown however the year to year change of movement of axis of the earth inclined at $23\frac{1}{2}$ degrees from vertical to its path around the sun does play a significant role in formation of clusters, bands & paths of the Indian Monsoon and stimulates the Indian weather. The inter-tropical convergence zone at the equator follows the movement of the sun and shifts north of the equator merges with the heat low pressure zone created by the rising heat of the sub-continent due to direct and converging rays of the summer sun on the India Sub-Continent and develops into the monsoon trough and maintain monsoon circulation.

CONCLUSION:

We can make many studies on the weather conditions and natural calamities of

the country thus inventing many more forecasting systems and proposing mitigative measures for the welfare of people of the country Argentina.

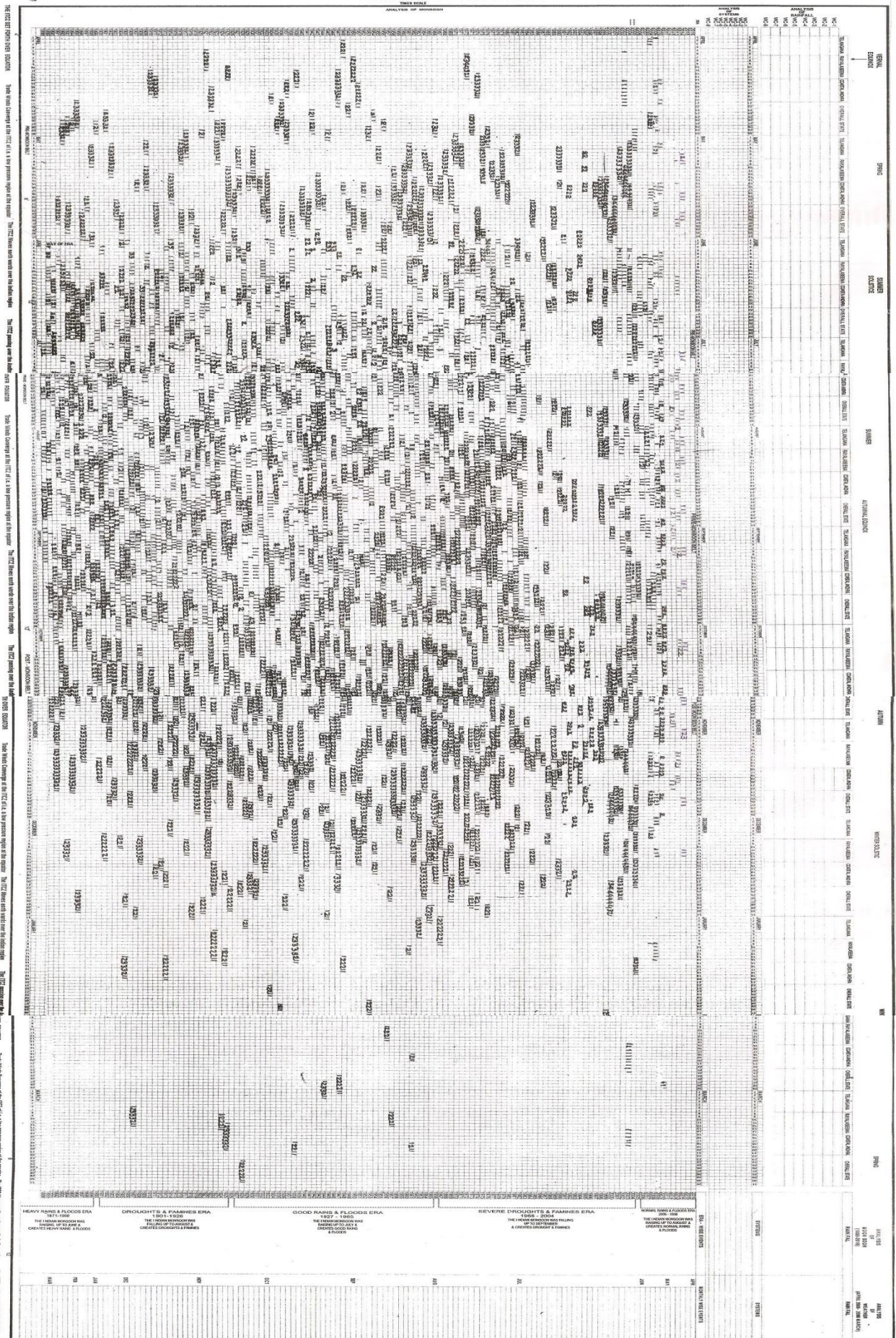
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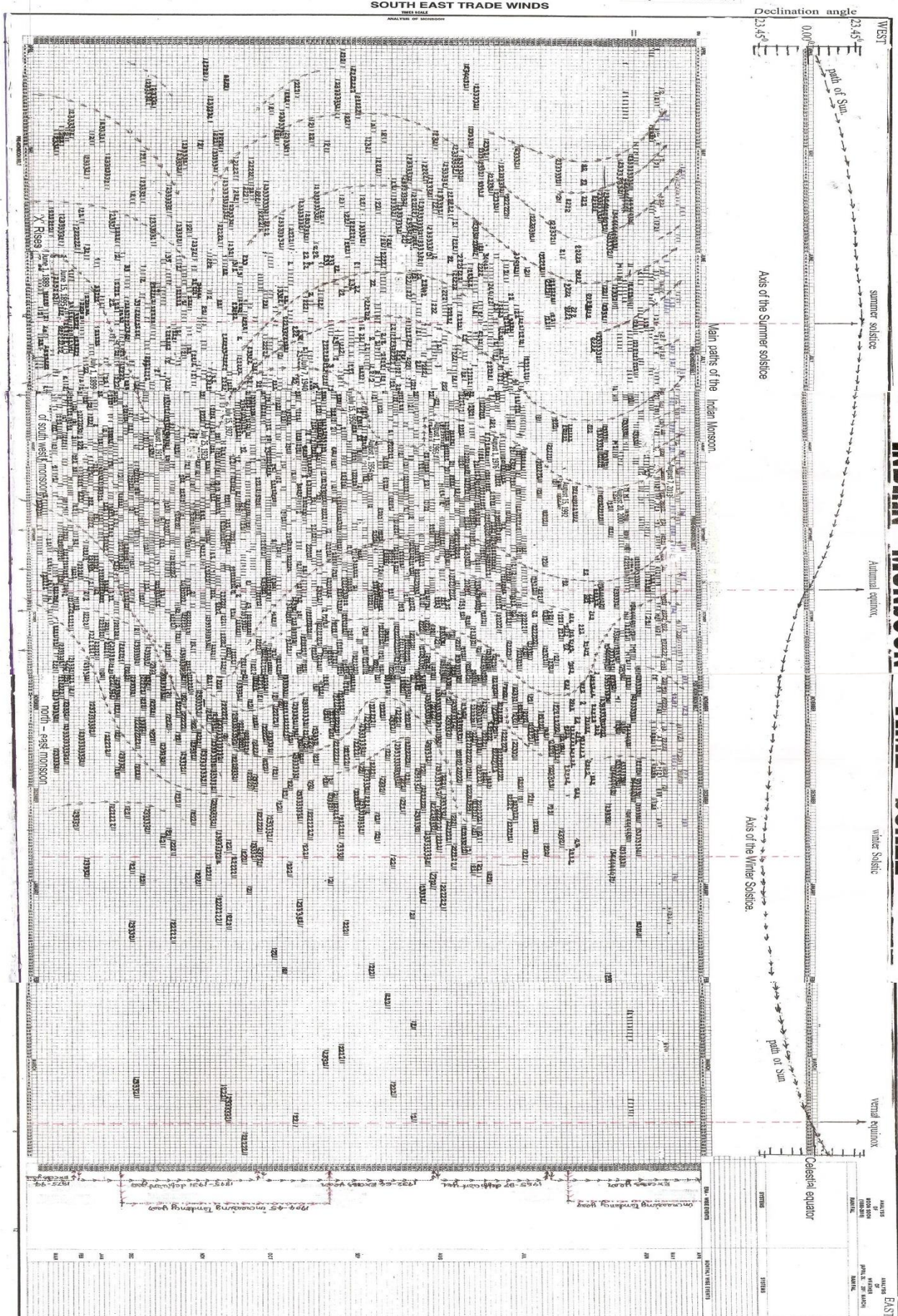
APPENDICES (Indian monsoon time scales)



SOUTH EAST TRADE WINDS
ANALYSIS OF MONSOON

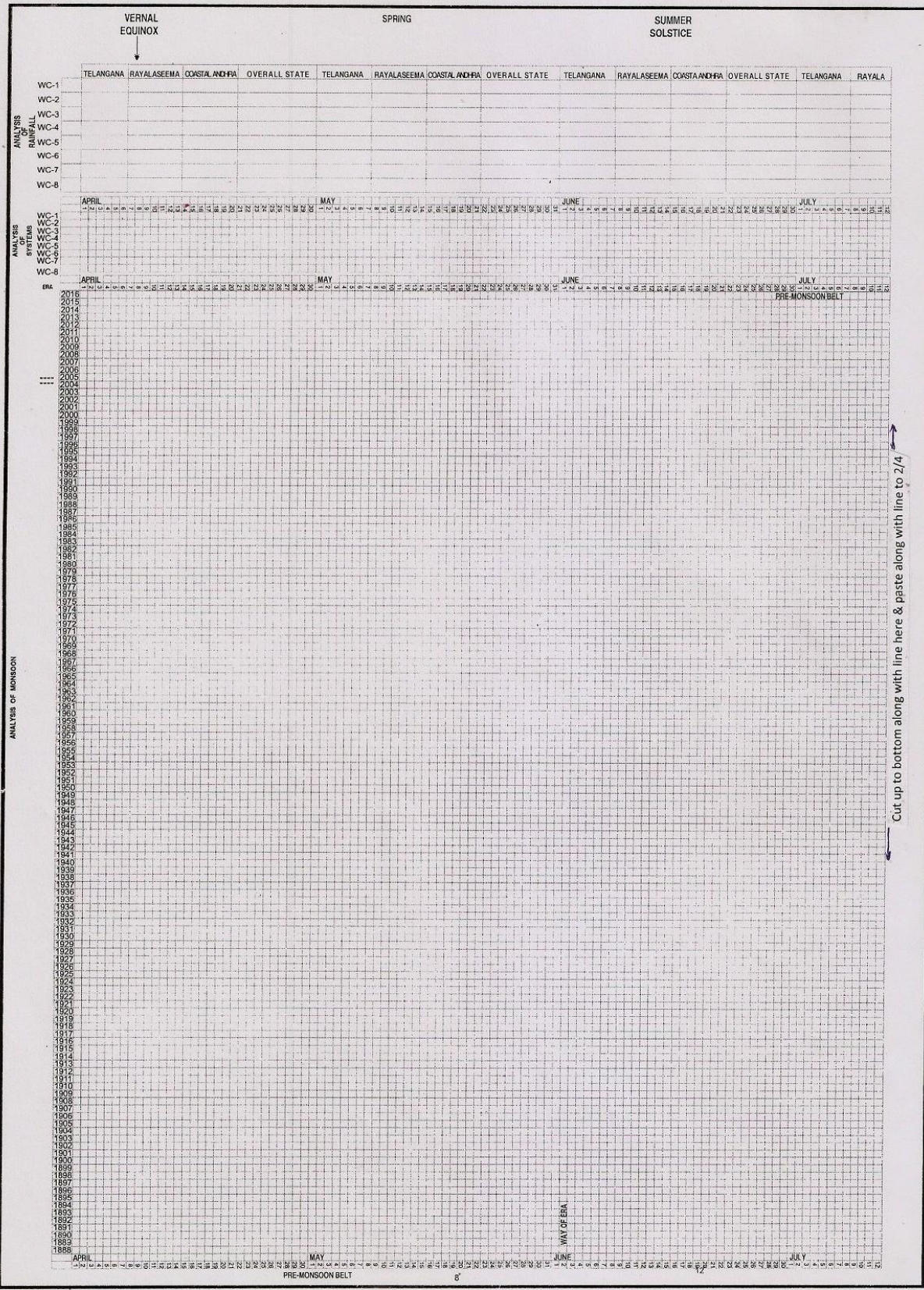


THE DATA SHOWN ON THIS CHART IS BASED ON THE FOLLOWING SOURCES: THE MONSOON RECORDS OF THE INDIA METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT, THE MONSOON RECORDS OF THE ARABIAN SEA METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT, THE MONSOON RECORDS OF THE BAY OF BENGAL METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT, THE MONSOON RECORDS OF THE ANDAMAN NICKEL METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT, THE MONSOON RECORDS OF THE MALAYAN PENINSULA METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT, THE MONSOON RECORDS OF THE SOUTHERN CHINA METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT, THE MONSOON RECORDS OF THE SOUTHERN OCEAN METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT, THE MONSOON RECORDS OF THE SOUTHERN AFRICA METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT, THE MONSOON RECORDS OF THE SOUTHERN AMERICA METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT, THE MONSOON RECORDS OF THE SOUTHERN ASIA METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT, THE MONSOON RECORDS OF THE SOUTHERN EUROPE METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT, THE MONSOON RECORDS OF THE SOUTHERN AFRICA METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT, THE MONSOON RECORDS OF THE SOUTHERN AMERICA METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT, THE MONSOON RECORDS OF THE SOUTHERN ASIA METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT, THE MONSOON RECORDS OF THE SOUTHERN EUROPE METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT.



Basic Scale 1/4

SOUTH EAST TRADE WINDS



THE ITCZ SET FORTH OVER EQUATOR Trade Winds Converge at the ITCZ of i.e. a low pressure region at the equator The ITCZ Moves north wards over the indian region The ITCZ passing over The Andhra Pradesh

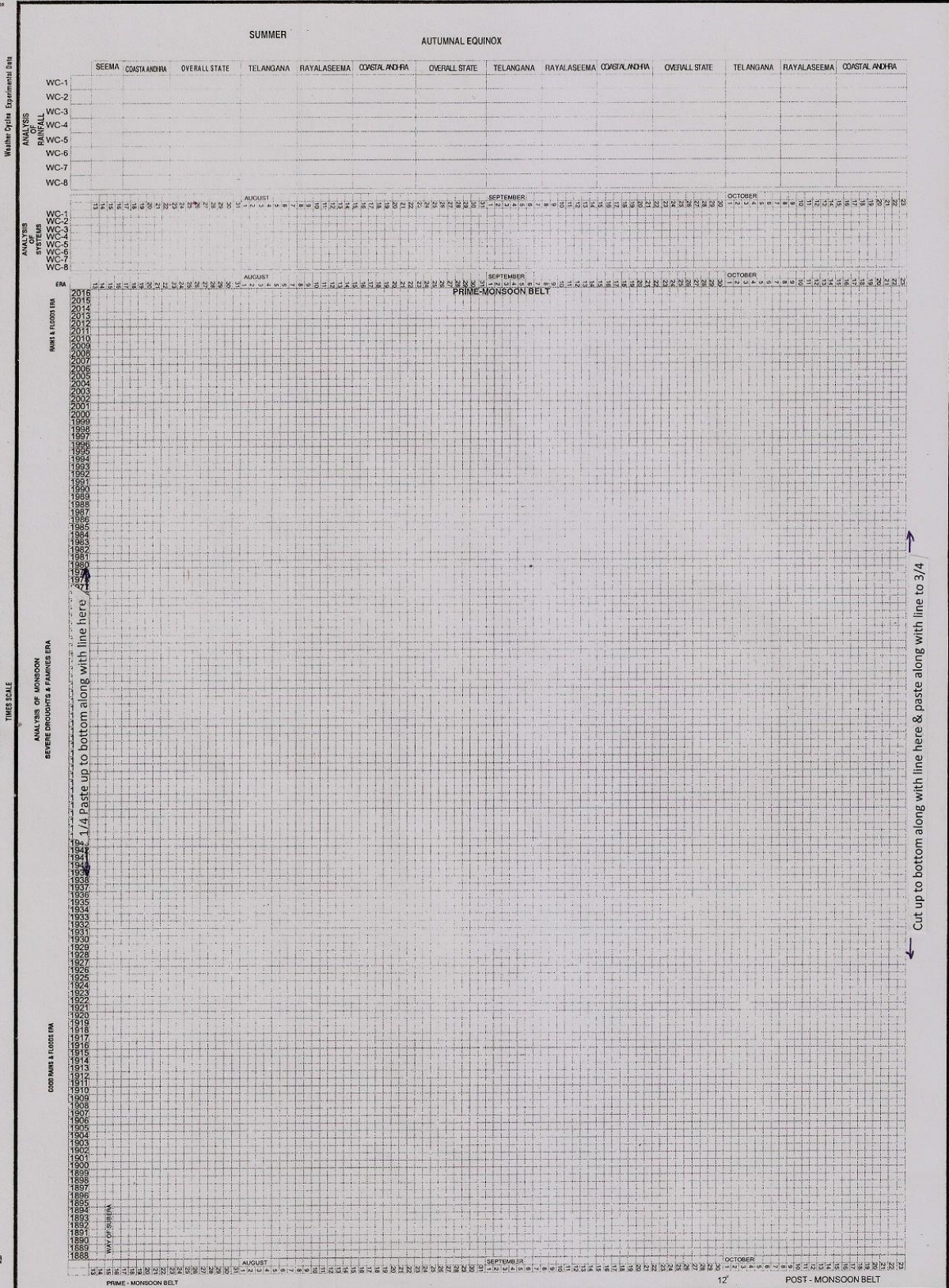
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INDIAN WEATHER

with 01 Dec

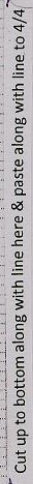
Basic Scale 2/4

SOUTH EAST TRADE WINDS



-75-

SOUTH EAST TRADE WINDS

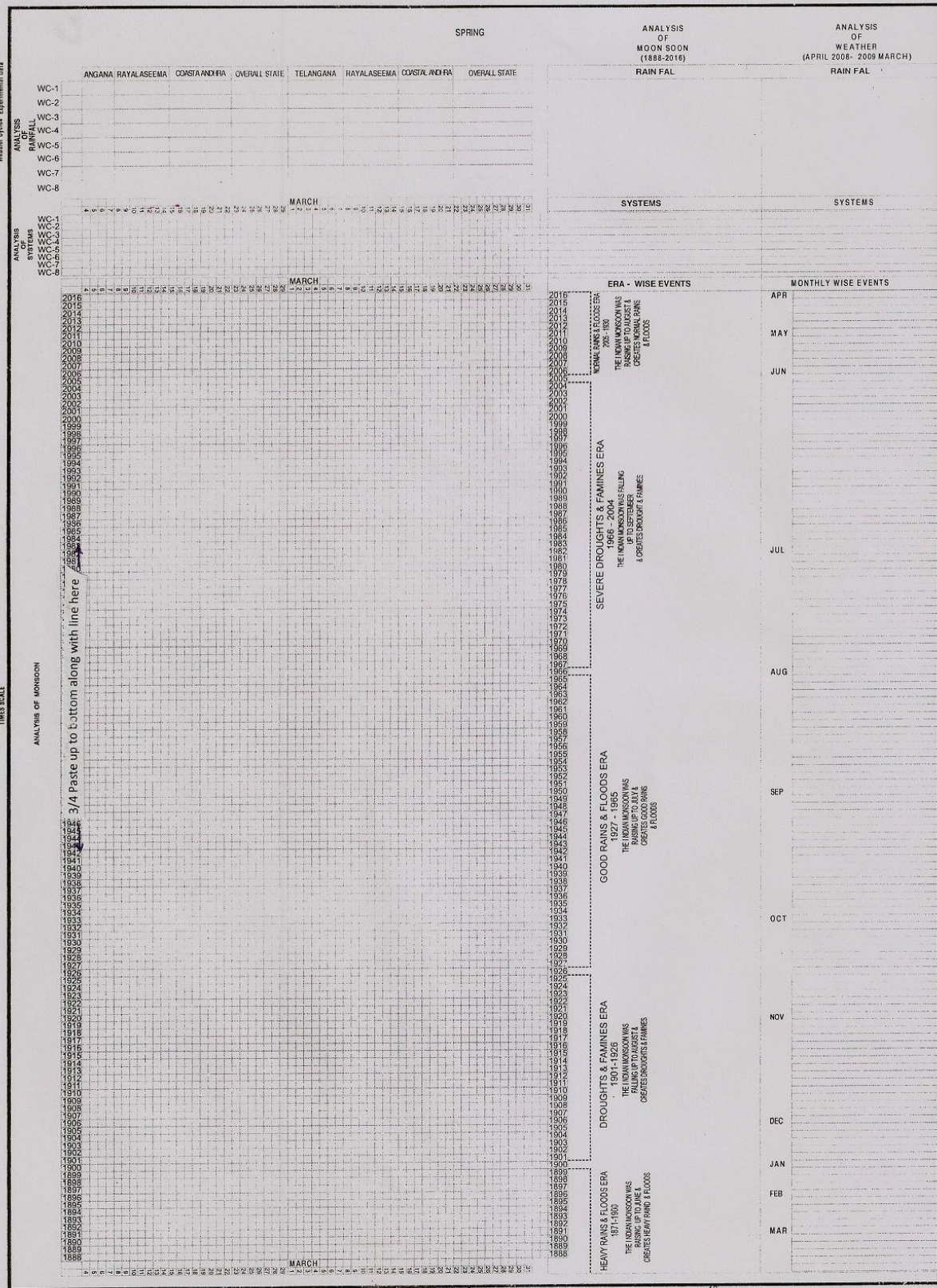


The ITCZ passing over the Andhra Pradesh

SOUTH EAST TRADE WINDS

Path Of Sun
Weather Cycle - Experimental Data

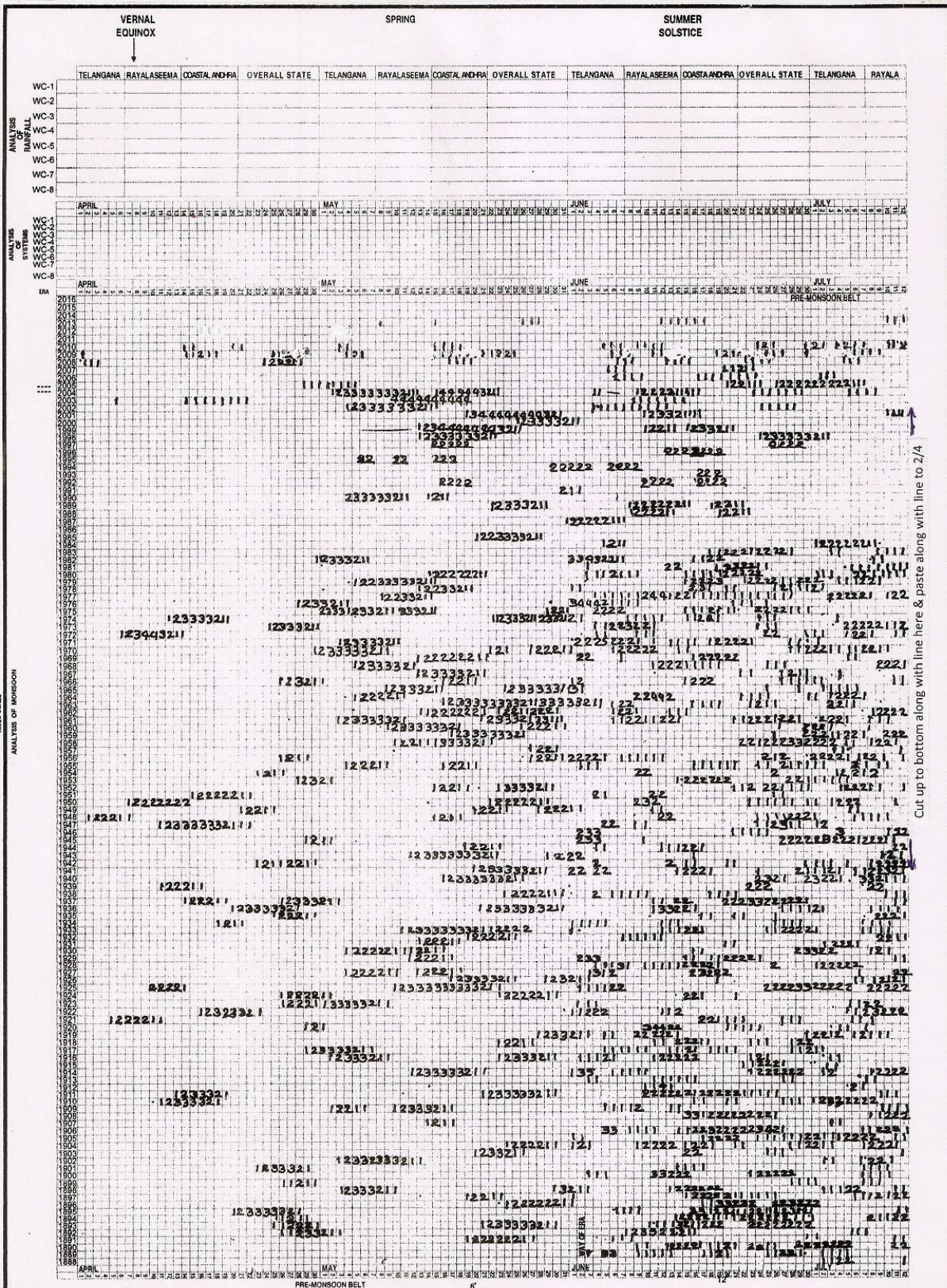
EQUATOR



THE ITCZ SET FORTH OVER EQUATOR Trade Winds Converge at the ITCZ of i.e. a low pressure region at the equator The ITCZ Moves north wards over the indian region The ITCZ passing over the Andhra Pradesh

filled Scaled 1/4

SOUTHEAST TRADE WINDS



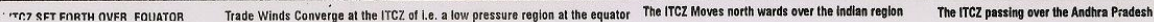
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THE ITCZ SET FORTH OVER EQUATOR

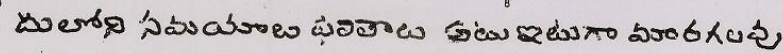
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The ITCZ Moves north wards over the Indian region

The ITCZ passing over the Andhra Pradesh

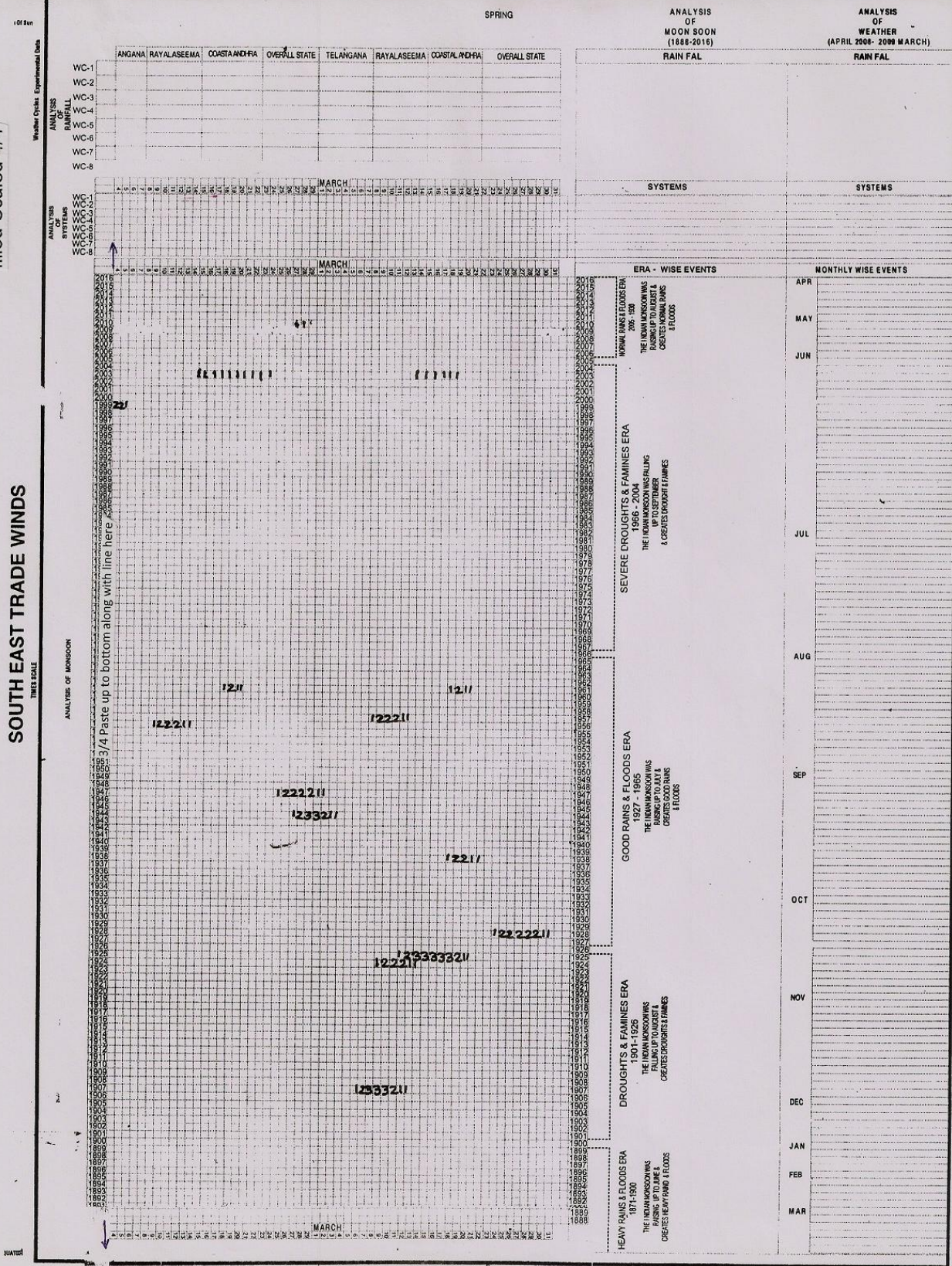


SOUTH EAST TRADE WINDS



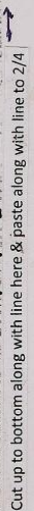
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SOUTH EAST TRADE WINDS



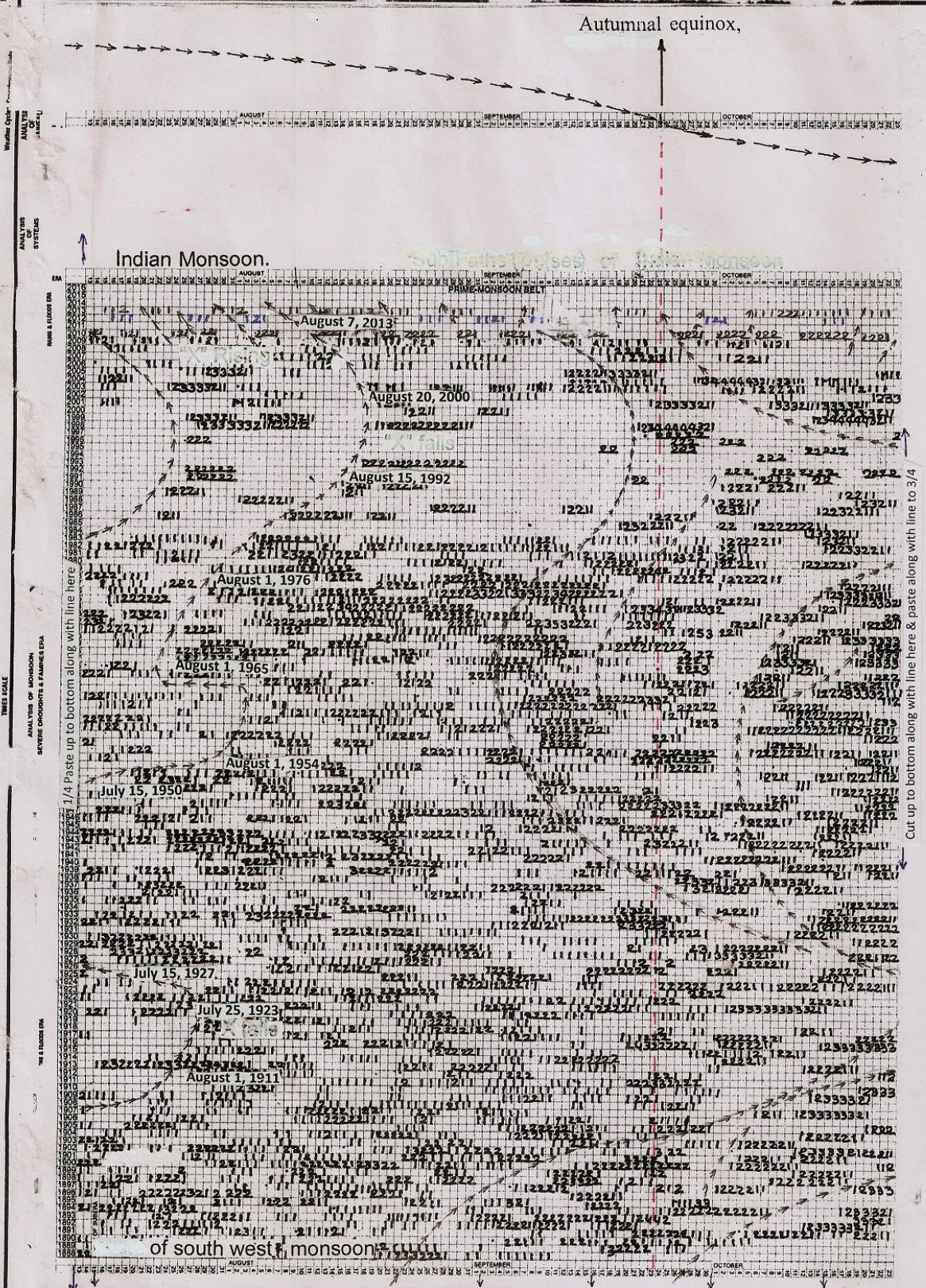
THE ITCZ SE... OVER EQUATOR... Trade Winds Converge at the ITCZ of i.e. a low pressure region at the equator... The ITCZ Moves north wards over the indian region... The ITCZ passing over the Andhra Pradesh

TIME SCALE



Analysed Scale 2/4

SOUTH EAST TRADE WINDS

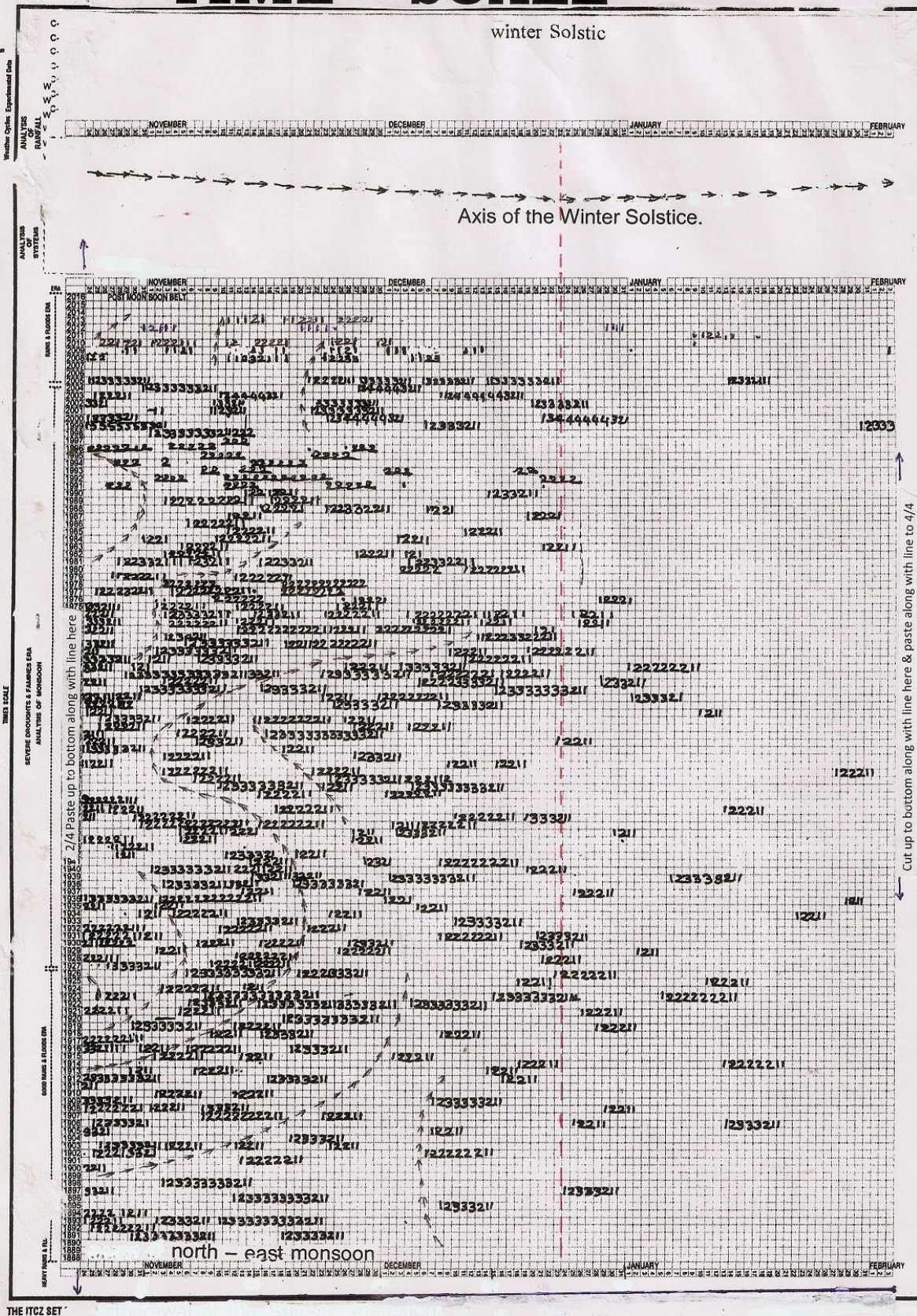


TIME SCALE

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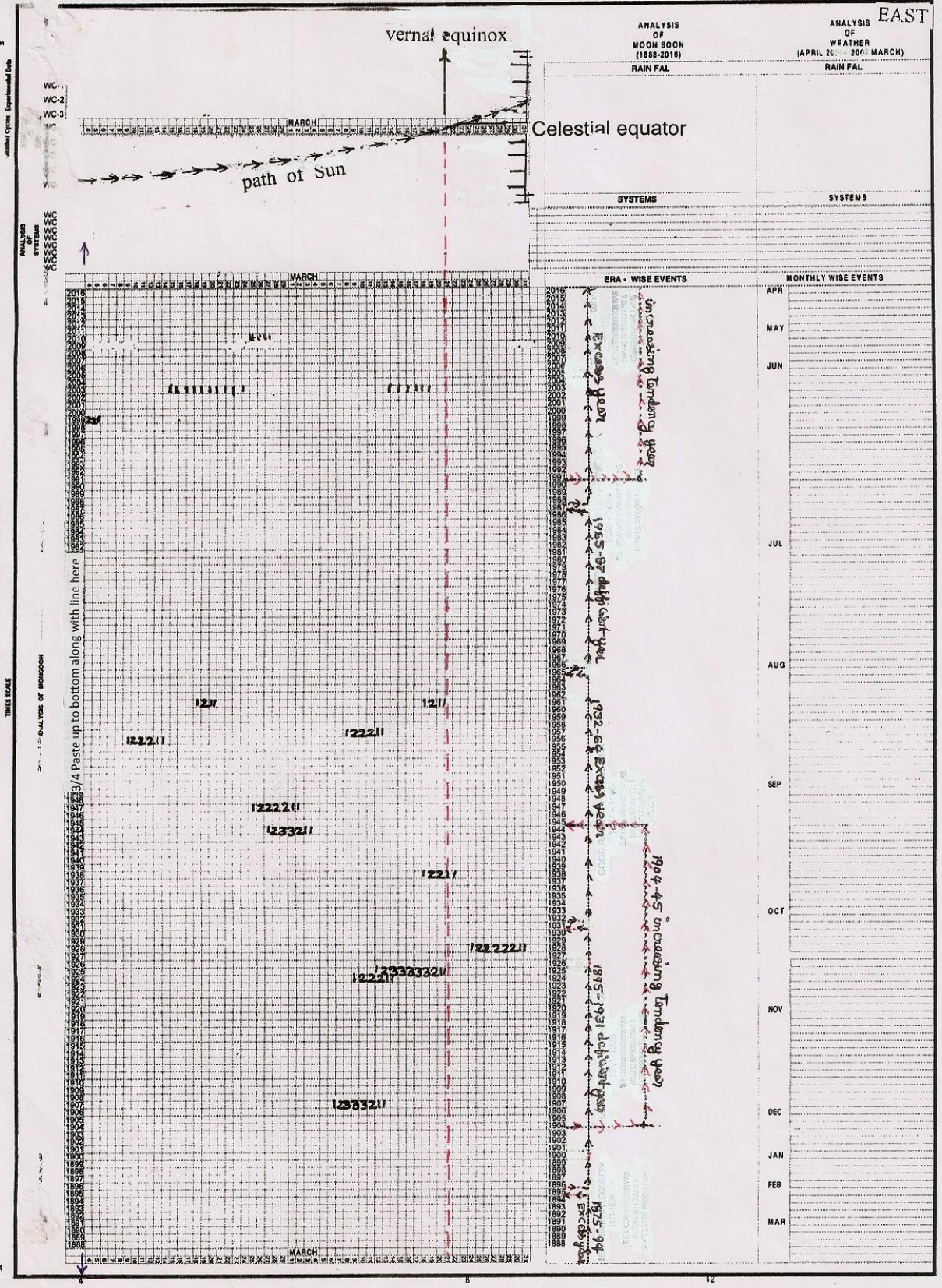
Analysed Scale 3/4

OUTH EAST TRADE WINDS



Analysed Scale 4/4

SOUTH EAST TRADE WINDS



T. ITCZ

MAP OF THE INDIAN MONSOON

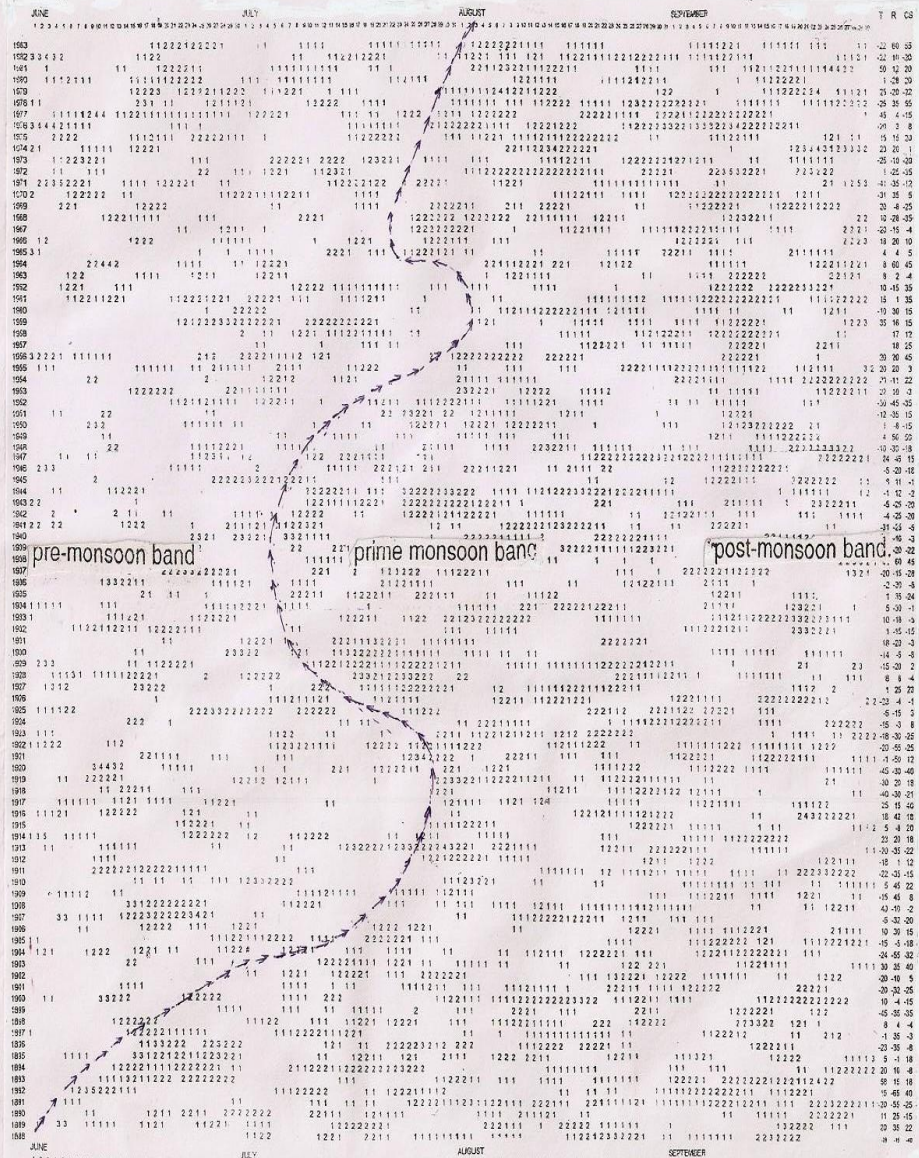
ANALYSIS
OF
Years
(1888-1993)

ANALYSIS
OF
Month's
(JUN:SEP)

[illegible]

Computerised basic scale from 1888 year to 1983 year for the months of 1st June to September, 31st

ANALYSIS



path of the systematic cycle of the Indian Monsoon.

Computerised analysed scale from 1888 year to 1983 year for the months of 1st June to September, 31st.